#### Reinventing a DNA sequence reader

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Double stranded DNA (persist. length ~50nm)

The sequence has direction: 5'-AAGCTGGTTCAG-3'

Single stranded DNA (persist. length ~1.5nm)

## DNA code is written in atoms

Highly charged: 2 electron charges per 0.32nm





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Single stranded DNA (persist. length ~1.5nm)

## The Human Genome Project

Duration: October 1990 - 2003

Discovered <u>ALL</u> 20,000-25,000 human genes



Determined complete sequence of the 3 billion DNA bases

GTGGGTGCATAGCTGTGCTGTAAGTGAAGTGAGGCGGCAGGTGTTGAAAG TCGATGTAGTTCGTAGGTCAGTTGATGTCGATGTGAAATGCTGATGCTAGT GGACAGGGTGACTAGTGAATCGATGCTAGCCTAGCTAGTCAGTGGTGCTA GCTACGATCGATTTCAGGCTGCTGTGGGTGCATAGCTGTGCTGTAAGTGAA GTGAGGCGGCAGGTGTTGAAAGTCGATGTAGTTCGTAGGTCAGTTGATGTC GATGTGAAATGCTGATGCTAGTGGACAGGGTGACTAGTGAATCGATGCTAG CCTAGCTAGTCAGTGGTGCTAGCTACGATCGATTTCAGGCTGCTGTGGGTG CATAGCTGTGCTGTAAGTGAAGTGAGGCGGCAGGTGTTGAAAGTCGATGTA GTTCGTAGGTCAGTTGATGTCGATGTGAAATGCTGATGCTAGTGGACAGGG GATTTCAGGCTGCTGTGGGTGCATAGCTGTGCTGTAAGTGAAGTGAGGCGG CAGGTGTTGAAAGTCGATGTAGTTCGTAGGTCAGTTGATGTCGATGTGAAAT CAGTGGTGCTAGCTACGATCGATTTCAGGCTGCT CCTAGCTAGTCAGTGGT GTTCGTAGGTCAGTTGATGTCGATGTGAAATGCTGATGCTAGTGGACAGGG GATTTCAGGCTGCTGTGGGTGCATAGCTGTGCTGTAAGTGAAGTGAGGCGG CAGGTGTTGAAAGTCGATGTAGTTCGTAGGTCAGTTGATGTCGATGTGA TC GATGTAGTTCGTAGGTCAGTTGATGTCGATGTGAAATGCTGATGCTAGTGGA CAGGGTGACTAGTGAATCGATGCTAGCCTAGCTAGTCAGTGGTGCTATTGT GCTACGATCGATTTCAGGCTGCTGTGGGTGCATAGCTGTGCTGTAAGTGAA GTGAGGCGGCAGGTGTTGAAAGTCGATGTAGTTCGTAGGTCAGTTGATGTC GATGTGAAATGCTGATGCTAGTGGACAGGGTGACTAGTGAATCGATGCTAG CCTAGCTAGTCAGTGGTGCTAGCTACGATCGATTTCAGGCTGCTGTGGGTG

GATGTGAAATGCTGATGCTAGTGGACAGGGTGACTAGTGAATCGATGCTAG CCTAGCTAGTCAGTGGTGCTAGCTACGATCGATTTCAGGCTGCTGTGGGTG CATAGCTGTGCTGTAAGTGAAGTGAGGCGGCAGGTGTTGAAAGTCGATGTA GTTCGTAGGTCAGTTGATGTCGATGTGAAATGCTGATGCTAGTGGACAGGG GATTTCAGGCTGCTGTGGGTGCATAGCTGTGCTGTAAGTGAAGTGAGGCGG CAGGTGTTGAAAGTCGATGTAGTTCGTAGGTCAGTTGATGTCGATGTGAAAT CAGTGGTGCTAGCTACGATCGATTTCAGGCTGCT CCTAGCTAGTCAGTGGT GTTCGTAGGTCAGTTGATGTCGATGTGAAATGCTGATGCTAGTGGACAGGG GATTTCAGGCTGCTGTGGGTGCATAGCTGTGCTGTAAGTGAAGTGAGGCGG CAGGTGTTGAAAGTCGATGTAGTTCGTAGGTCAGTTGATGTCGATGTGA TC GATGTAGTTCGTAGGTCAGTTGATGTCGATGTGAAATGCTGATGCTAGTGGA CAGGGTGACTAGTGAATCGATGCTAGCCTAGCTAGTCAGTGGTGCTATTGT GCTACGATCGATTTCAGGCTGCTGTGGGTGCATAGCTGTGCTGTAAGTGAA GTGAGGCGGCAGGTGTTGAAAGTCGATGTAGTTCGTAGGTCAGTTGATGTC GATGTGAAATGCTGATGCTAGTGGACAGGGTGACTAGTGAATCGATGCTAG CCTAGCTAGTCAGTGGTGCTAGCTACGATCGATTTCAGGCTGCTGTGGGTG AAACGATGTGAAATGCTGATGCTAGTGGACAGGGTGACTAGTGAATCGATG CTAGCCTAGCTAGTCAGTGGTGCTAGCTACGATCGATTTCAGGCTGCTGTG GGTG

CAGTGGTGCTAGCTACGATCGATTTCAGGCTGCT CCTAGCTAGTCAGTGGT GATGTGAAATGCTGATGCTAGTGGACAGGGTGACTAGTGAATCGATGCTAG CCTAGCTAGTCAGTGGTGCTAGCTACGATCGATTTCAGGCTGCTGTGGGTG CATAGCTGTGCTGTAAGTGAAGTGAGGCGGCAGGTGTTGAAAGTCGATGTA GTTCGTAGGTCAGTTGATGTCGATGTGAAATGCTGATGCTAGTGGACAGGG GATTTCAGGCTGCTGTGGGTGCATAGCTGTGCTGTAAGTGAAGTGAGGCGG CAGGTGTTGAAAGTCGATGTAGTTCGTAGGTCAGTTGATGTCGATGTGAAAT CAGTGGTGCTAGCTACGATCGATTTCAGGCTGCT CCTAGCTAGTCAGTGGT GTTCGTAGGTCAGTTGATGTCGATGTGAAATGCTGATGCTAGTGGACAGGG GATTTCAGGCTGCTGTGGGTGCATAGCTGTGCTGTAAGTGAAGTGAGGCGG

## ... and ~ 3,000,000 more pages!

(one month to show 24/7)

Just four letter:



~715 Mb

DNA code is billion times more efficient 2 bits 0 0 1 18 bits = 1b  $4/8*3*10^9$ 

С

G

# Differences in the code are important

Among unrelated individuals, 99.4% of the sequence is similar That is still over 1,000,000 differences.

(... and you and chimpanzee: 99%)

CAGGTGTTGAAAGTCGATGTAGTTCGTAGGTCAGTTGATGTCGATGTGATC GATGTAGTTCGTAGGTCAGTTGATGTCGATGTGAAATGCTGATGCTAGTGGA CAGGGTGACTAGTGAATCGATGCTAGCCTAGCTAGTCAGTGGTGCTATTGT GCTACGATCGATTTCAGGCTGCTGTGGGTGCATAGCTGTGCTGTAAGTGAA GTGAGGCGGCAGGTGTTGAAAGTCGATGTAGTTCGTAGGTCAGTTGATGTC GATGTGAAATGCTGATGCTAGTGGACAGGGTGACTAGTGAATCGATGCTAG CCTAGCTAGTCAGTGGTGCTAGCTACGATCGATTTCAGGCTGCTGTGGGTG AAACGATGTGAAATGCTGATGCTAGTGGACAGGGTGACTAGTGAATCGATG CTAGCCTAGCTAGTCAGTGGTGCTAGCTACGATCGATTTCAGGCTGCTGTG GGTGGCTGATGCTAGTGGACAGGGTGACTAGTGAATCGATGCTAGCCTAGCT CAGTGGTGCTAGCTACGATCGATTTCAGGCTGCT CCTAGCTAGTCAGTGGT GATGTGAAATGCTGATGCTAGTGGACAGGGTGACTAGTGAATCGATGCTAG CCTAGCTAGTCAGTGGTGCTAGCTACGATCGATTTCAGGCTGCTGTGGGTG CATAGCTGTGCTGTAAGTGAAGTGAGGCGGCAGGTGTTGAAAGTCGATGTA GTTCGTAGGTCAGTTGATGTCGATGTGAAATGCTGATGCTAGTGGACAGGG GATTTCAGGCTGCTGTGGGTGCATAGCTGTGCTGTAAGTGAAGTGAGGCGG CAGGTGTTGAAAGTCGATGTAGTTCGTAGGTCAGTTGATGTCGATGTGAAAT CAGTGGTGCTAGCTACGATCGATTTCAGGCTGCT CCTAGCTAGTCAGTGGT GTTCGTAGGTCAGTTGATGTCGATGTGAAATGCTGATGCTAGTGGACAGGG GATTTCAGGCTGCTGTGGGTGCATAGCTGTGCTGTAAGTGAAGTGAGGCGG

CAGGTGTTGAAAGTCGATGTAGTTCGTAGGTCAGTTGATGTCGATGTGATC GATGTAGTTCGTAGGTCAGTTGATGTCGATGTGAAATGCTGATGCTAGTGGA CAGGGTGACTAGTGAATCGATGCTAGCCTAGCTAGTCAGTGGTGCTATTGT GCTACGATCGATTTCAGGCTGCTGTGGGTGCATAGCTGTGCTGTAAGTGAA GTGAGGCGGCAGCTGTTGAAAGTCGATGTAGTTCGTAGGTCAGTTGATGTC GATGTGAAATGCTGATGCTAGTGGACAGGGTGACTAGTGAATCGATGCTAG CCTAGCTAGTCAGTGGTGCTAGCTACGATCGATTTCAGGCTGCTGTGGGTG AAACGATGTGAAATGCTGATGCTAGTGGACAGGGTGACTAGTGAATCGATG CTAGCCTAGCTAGTCAGTGGTGCTAGCTACGATCGATTTCAGGCTGCTGTG GGTGGCTGATGCTAGTGGACAGGGTGACTAGTGAATCGATGCTAGCCTAGCT CAGTGGTGCTAGCTACGATCGATTTCAGGCTGCT CCTAGCTAGTCAGTGGT GATGTGAAATGCTGATGCTAGTGGACAGGGTGACTAGTGAATCGATGCTAG CCTAGCTAGTCAGTGGTGCTAGCTACGATCGATTTCAGGCTGCTGTGGGTG CATAGCTGTGCTGTAAGTGAAGTGAGGCGGCAGGTGTTGAAAGTCGATGTA GTTCGTAGGTCAGTTGATGTCGATGTGAAATGCTGATGCTAGTGGACAGGG GATTTCAGGCTGCTGTGGGTGCATAGCTGTGCTGTAAGTGAAGTGAGGCGG CAGGTGTTGAAAGTCGATGTAGTTCGTAGGTCAGTTGATGTCGATGTGAAAT CAGTGGTGCTAGCTACGATCGATTTCAGGCTGCT CCTAGCTAGTCAGTGGT GTTCGTAGGTCAGTTGATGTCGATGTGAAATGCTGATGCTAGTGGACAGGG GATTTCAGGCTGCTGTGGGTGCATAGCTGTGCTGTAAGTGAAGTGAGGCGG

## Differences in the code are important

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You and chimpanzee: 99%



## Cost of sequencing a human genome (logarithmic scale)



\$1,000 genome was claimed to be achieved (Jan 2014)

## **Conventional DNA sequencing**

#### Nobel Prize in Chemistry 1980

As the DNA is synthesized, nucleotides are added on to the growing chain by the DNA polymerase.

The reactions start from the same nucleotide and end with a specific base







Fluorescence-based sequence gel

http://bbrp.llnl.gov

# Next generation sequencing methods





by *life* technologies" Extremely small pH meeter

Multiplex optical readout

Problem: short reads, amplification, reagent and genome assembly costs





Single molecule optical readout Problems: costs, accuracy, scalability

#### Nanopore sequencing of DNA







Nature Reviews Drug Discovery 1, 77-84 (January 2002)

## The ionic current blockade reveals the sequence of the confined nucleotides

### Sequencing DNA using MspA



MD simulation ssDNA- DNA polymeraze complex

## **Oxford Nanopore Technologies**



MiniION: ~800 parallel detection wells

Read length: up to 100,000 nucleotides (2 strands of lambda phage genome)

Unknown pore (hemolysin, MspA, other?)

Unknown enzyme (better polymerase? Helicase?)

Accuracy: 96%

## Nanopore sequencing: state of the art



Quantum biosystems

... Genia, Nabsys ... ... Illumina, Roche ...

... also INTEL, IBM, HITACHI, TOSHIBA, SONY, SIEMENS ...

### Homopolymer blockades in MspA





Liz Manrao ... J Gundlach, U Washington Plos One 2011, 6

MD simulation neutravidin-anchored ssDNA in MspA

## Setting up a simulation is like cooking



#### Setting up a simulation is like cooking



## Computing conductance of $\alpha$ -hemolysin with molecular dynamics



Protein + lipid bilayer membrane + 1M water solution of KCl = ~300,000 atoms Average electrostatic potential map

## Current-voltage curve of $\alpha$ -hemolysin

Biophys. J. 88:3745 (2005)



$$I(t) = \frac{1}{\Delta t L_z} \sum_{i=1}^{N} q_i (z_i (t + \Delta t) - z_i (t))$$

Instantaneous current

## Current-voltage curve of $\alpha$ -hemolysin

Biophys. J. 88:3745 (2005)



Instantaneous current

#### MD simulations of current blockades in MspA



(350,000 atoms, 150 ns)

Reduced system (28,000 atoms)



#### Molecular origin of the current blockade



Unstructured (bulk-like) water: more than 2.5A away from protein or DNA

Correlation between Current and Water: Pearson Coefficient Poly(dT): 0.86 Poly(dC): 0.90 Poly(dA): 0.85



## Nanopore efforts around the world

#### Polymer

#### Proteins

Darmstadt,UND, UC Irvine, UF,



Ion track echted Thick layers (~µm) Robust Fixed charge Unknown dimensions Surface modifications High speed, low field Indi address difficult NIST, UCSC, Harvard, UBC, Oxford, Evry, BU, U Wash., Syracuse, ...



Self-assembled Lipid membranes (~4nm) Fragile Fixed charge Atomically precise Can be engineered Low speed, high field Indi address difficult

#### Nitride/oxide

Harvard, UBC, BU, UIUC, Delft, Arkansas, Brown, UNC, NE(!),

#### Active hetero structures

IBM, UIUC, Lausanne,...



Fabricated >5nm Robust Fixed charge Sub-nm, but not atomic Surface modifications High speed, high field Indi addressed



Fabricated <1 nm Robust Field-effect adjustment Sub-nm Surface modifications High speed, high field Indi addressed

#### DNA transport through solid-state nanopore



- Compatible with several detection schemes
- No limit on the read length

## The thinner, the better!





Andre Geim





## **Graphene Nanopores**



#### Interaction of ssDNA with a graphene membrane

Top view





Side view

14-A diameter pore (surface-to surface);3-layer graphite;poly(dT)<sub>20</sub>; 500 mV bias

Nano Letters 12:4117 (2012)

## The thinner the better?



Nano Letters 12:4117 (2012)

## Stepwise transport of ssDNA through graphene nanopore

14-A diameter pore (surface-to surface);3-layer graphite;poly(dT)<sub>20</sub>; 500 mV bias

Acts like a polymerase!





Nano Letters 12:4117 (2012)

#### Ionic current blockades can reveal the DNA sequence



Atomic-Resolution Brownian Dynamics simulations of ionic current blockades in graphene nanopores



Wells, Belkin, Comer, Aksimentiev, Nano Letters 12:4117 (2012)



#### Just like polymerase: transport is stochastic







#### Charge modulates velocity of ssDNA translocation



#### Charge modulates velocity of ssDNA translocation



Manish Shankla et al. (to be published)

## Sequencing by transverse current





Scientific Reports 1:46



## Temperature effects in nanopores

Slowing DNA transport: Meller et al. Phys. Rev. Lett. 2001 Wanunu et al. Nat. Nanotech (2010)

Regulating transport in :

aHL: Movileanu at al. J.Am. Chem. Soc. 2006

solid-state pores: ChemPhysChem 639 2010, 11, 859 Nanotechnology 2012, 23, 225502

Finding the pore:

Keyser et al. Nano Lett. 2005, 5, 2253

#### Plasmonic heating:



JACS 135: 3087 (2013)



Nano Letters 13: 1029 (2013)

### Local plasmonic heating stretches ssDNA

M Belkin et al. ACS Nano 7:6816 (2013)



### Local heating in nanopore systems

M Belkin et al. ACS Nano 7:6816 (2013)



## Thermophoresis

Non-convective mass transport along temperature gradients

First reported in electrolyte solutions

1856 - Carl Ludwig 1879 - Charles Soret



#### *positive* thermophoresis



negative thermophoresis

Magnitude and direction depend on:

- Temperature
- Temperature gradient
- Concentration
- Charge
- Size of species ...

Found in: electrolyte solutions, gas mixtures, polymer solutions, plasma,...

#### Local heating promotes single-file translocation



Local heating:

increase DNA mobility 20 fold

enables controlled displacement at 10mV biases

## Plasmonic nanopore tweezers



Main idea: use nanometer-focused light to directly trap biomolecules





**Plasmonic nanopore (TEM)** 

## MD simulations plasmonic trapping



Optical field is found by solving Maxwell's equations (FDTD) FDTD is couples to MD simulations through grid forces as F~grad(E^2)

## Proof of principle simulations: trapping



## Focused optical field arrests DNA motion

Red arrows represent plasmonic forces on individual nucleotides



FDTD is couples to MD simulations through grid forces as F~grad(E^2)

Maxim Belkin

# Stepping dsDNA by modulation of optical field



Stepwise motion is achieved by switching on and off the laser beam

## Surface-Enhanced Raman Scattering



DNA sequence is read by measuring Raman spectra from nucleotides passing through the plasmonic hotspot

# Molecular sensing with origami nanopores







#### Folding of viral genome into 3D objects



- Short synthetic oligonucleotides (staples) apply spatial constraints to a long viral genome.
- Based on the design of staples, same viral genome can be folded to numerous different shapes.

Douglas, S.M., Dietz, H., Liedl, T., Högberg, B., Graf, F. & Shih, W.M., 2009, Self-assembly of DNA into nanoscale three-dimensional shapes, Nature, 459(7245), pp. 414-8.



- caDNAno returns topology (json) and sequence (csv) information.
- cadnano2pdb.pl combines json and csv files into a PDB file.

- \* CHARMM36 force field
- \* Explicit water
- \* [MgCl<sub>2</sub>] ~ 10 mM
- \* NAMD
- \* 1 to 3M atoms
- \* 500 to 1,000 CPUs

V

## Structural fluctuations reveal local mechanical properties

18

- Chicken wire frame represents center line of helices & junction.
- Inter-DNA distance in color map





#### Yoo and AA, PNAS 110:20099 (2013)

#### DNA origami nanopore/nanochannel systems









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Oxford

US Army Corps of Engineers. Construction Engineering Research Laboratory



